

# Math Diversion Problem 122

P. Reany

January 24, 2025

‘Obvious’ is the most dangerous word in mathematics.  
— Eric Temple Bell

The YouTube video is found at:

Source: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Ycyag8jY1TQ>  
Title: So, you want a HARD math question with exponents?  
Presenter: Higher Mathematics

## 1 The Problem

Given the relation

$$x^2 = 4^x, \tag{1}$$

find the real values of  $x$ .

## 2 The Solution

Right off the bat, this should look to the reader like a Lambert  $W$  function solution. Let’s see if it is. One form for the Lambert  $W$  function is this:

$$W(ze^z) = z \quad \text{where } z \geq 0. \tag{2}$$

We begin by taking the square root of both sides of (1):

$$x = \pm 2^x. \tag{3}$$

So, we need to replace  $2^x$  by  $e^y$ , or better yet, by  $e^{-y}$ , and  $y = -x \ln 2$ . Hence,

$$\frac{-y}{\ln 2} = \pm e^{-y}, \tag{4}$$

which can be rewritten as

$$ye^y = \pm \ln 2. \tag{5}$$

Applying the Lambert  $W$  function across this equation, we get

$$y = W(ye^y) = W(\ln 2). \tag{6}$$

Therefore,

$$x = -\frac{W(\ln 2)}{\ln 2}. \quad (7)$$