

Math Diversion Problem 291

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Thermodynamics is Nature's way of balancing
entropy with enthalpy.
— Rafael Jaramillo

The YouTube video is found at:

Source: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FpQN3LmTpy8>

Title: A Homemade Exponential Equation |
Problem 427

Presenter: aplusbi

1 The Problem

Given the relation

$$z^{e^z} = \frac{-i}{\pi}, \quad (1)$$

find the values of z .

2 The Solution

My solution started with preparing the Given relation in order to use my usual substitution. So, let

$$z^{e^z} = \frac{-i}{\pi} = (i\pi)^{-1} = \gamma. \quad (2)$$

The substitution I want to make is

$$z = \gamma^\alpha. \quad (3)$$

So that (2) becomes

$$(\gamma^\alpha)^{e^{(\gamma^\alpha)}} = \gamma, \quad (4)$$

or

$$\gamma^{\alpha e^{(\gamma^\alpha)}} = \gamma^1. \quad (5)$$

On equating the exponents, we have

$$\alpha e^{\gamma^\alpha} = \alpha e^{((i\pi)^{-1})^\alpha} = 1. \quad (6)$$

After a bit of examination, we should discover that $\alpha = -1$ will work. And that leads us to

$$z = ((i\pi)^{-1})^{-1} = i\pi. \quad (7)$$