

Math Diversion Problem 347

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The ignorant always loud in argument.

— Charlie Chan

The YouTube video is found at:

Source: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=11-n0gqmXwk>

Title: A Nice Nonic Equation

| Problem 408

Presenter: aplusbi

1 The Problem

Given the relation

$$(z + 1)^{10} = z^{10}, \quad (1)$$

find the values for z .

Note: Skip down to the solution, if you like.

2 The Solution

Before we get too deep into the solution, let's take the time to notice that the z^{10} terms in (1) will cancel out, leaving us with a ninth-degree equation, and that implies only nine solutions to solve for.

One of my favorite tricks to use in situations like this, is to find a point half way between z and $z + 1$, and call it w . So,

$$w = z + \frac{1}{2}, \quad z + 1 = w + \frac{1}{2}, \quad z = w - \frac{1}{2}. \quad (2)$$

Therefore, (1) becomes

$$(w + \frac{1}{2})^{10} = (w - \frac{1}{2})^{10}. \quad (3)$$

We can rewrite this last equation to

$$(w + \frac{1}{2})^{10} - (w - \frac{1}{2})^{10} = 0. \quad (4)$$

But this is the difference of two squares:

$$\left((w + \frac{1}{2})^5 - (w - \frac{1}{2})^5\right)\left((w + \frac{1}{2})^5 + (w - \frac{1}{2})^5\right) = 0. \quad (5)$$

WolframAlpha tells me that these factors expand as

$$\text{First factor } (w + \frac{1}{2})^5 - (w - \frac{1}{2})^5 = 5w^4 + \frac{5w^2}{2} = \frac{1}{16}, \quad (6a)$$

$$\text{Second factor } (w + \frac{1}{2})^5 + (w - \frac{1}{2})^5 = 2w^5 + 5w^3 + \frac{5w}{8}. \quad (6b)$$

When we set the first factor equal to zero, we get the four roots

$$w = \pm \left[\frac{i}{2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{2}{\sqrt{5}}} \right], \quad (7a)$$

$$w = \pm \left[\frac{i}{2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{2}{\sqrt{5}}} \right]. \quad (7b)$$

And when we set the second factor equal to zero, we get the five roots

$$w = 0, \quad (8a)$$

$$w = \pm \left[\frac{i}{2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{2}{\sqrt{5}}} \right], \quad (8b)$$

$$w = \pm \left[\frac{i}{2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{2}{\sqrt{5}}} \right]. \quad (8c)$$

Thus, for z we get the nine roots:

$$z = \pm \left[\frac{i}{2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{2}{\sqrt{5}}} \right] - \frac{1}{2}, \quad \pm \left[\frac{i}{2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{2}{\sqrt{5}}} \right] - \frac{1}{2}. \quad (9)$$

And

$$z = -\frac{1}{2}, \quad (10a)$$

$$z = \pm \left[\frac{i}{2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{2}{\sqrt{5}}} \right] - \frac{1}{2}, \quad (10b)$$

$$z = \pm \left[\frac{i}{2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{2}{\sqrt{5}}} \right] - \frac{1}{2}. \quad (10c)$$

However, when I give WolframAlpha Eq. (1) to solve, it returns only five solutions.