

Math Diversion Problem 669

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Anything worth doing is worth doing well.

— Proverb

The YouTube video is found at:

Source: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=r2btjZieyx0>

Title: Cambridge University Admission Interview Tricks

Presenter: Super Academy

1 The Problem

Given the relation

$$10^{\log_2 x} + 100^{\log_2 x} = 1000^{\log_2 x}, \quad (1)$$

find the real values for x .

2 The Solution

Let get started by applying an α transformation:

$$x = 2^\alpha. \quad (2)$$

Then (1) becomes

$$10^\alpha + 100^\alpha = 1000^\alpha, \quad (3)$$

but this can be rewritten as

$$(10^\alpha)^3 - (10^\alpha)^2 - (10^\alpha) = 0. \quad (4)$$

But (10^α) is never zero, so we can divide through by it:

$$(10^\alpha)^2 - (10^\alpha) - 1 = 0. \quad (5)$$

This is just a quadratic in variable (10^α) , therefore

$$10^\alpha = \frac{1 \pm \sqrt{1 - 4(1)(-1)}}{2} = \frac{1 \pm \sqrt{5}}{2}. \quad (6)$$

Next, we take the logarithm base 10, to get

$$\alpha = \log \left(\frac{1 + \sqrt{5}}{2} \right), \quad (7)$$

where we had to throw away the negative sign for a real value. Finally,

$$x = 2^{\log \left(\frac{1}{2}(1 + \sqrt{5}) \right)}. \quad (8)$$