

Math Diversion Problem 672

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In mathematics, the art of asking questions is more
valuable than solving problems.

— Georg Cantor

The problem is found at:

Source: The Ether of Great Mathematical Ideas

Title: A common integral

Presenter: Patrick

1 The Problem

$$I = \int x \ln x \, dx, \quad (1)$$

We start with the ('Carrington') differential equation:

$$D_x[x^2 \ln x] = 2x \ln x + x^2 \frac{1}{x} = \ln x + x. \quad (2)$$

Now we integrate:

$$\begin{aligned} x^2 \ln x &= 2I + \int x \, dx \\ &= 2I + \frac{1}{2}x^2 - C'. \end{aligned} \quad (3)$$

From this we get that

$$2I = x^2 \ln x - \frac{1}{2}x^2 + C', \quad (4)$$

or

$$\int x \ln x \, dx = \frac{1}{2}x^2 \ln x - \frac{1}{4}x^2 + C. \quad (5)$$