

# Math Diversion Problem 678

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Chance favors the prepared mind.

— Louis Pasteur

The problem is found at:

Source: The Ether of Great Mathematical Ideas

Title: A common integral

Presenter: Patrick

## 1 The Problem

Find the integral

$$I = \int \sqrt{x^2 - x + 1} dx. \quad (1)$$

## 2 The Solution

My solution will be to transform this integral into the form

$$\int \sqrt{x^2 + a^2} dx = \frac{x}{2} \sqrt{x^2 + a^2} + \frac{a^2}{2} \log |x + \sqrt{x^2 + a^2}| + C. \quad (2)$$

To accomplish this, I need to complete the square of the radicand  $x^2 - x + 1$  by

$$x^2 - x + 1 = (x + A)^2 + B^2 = x^2 + 2Ax + A^2 + B^2, \quad (3)$$

so that  $A = -1/2$  and  $B^2 = 3/4$ . Therefore,

$$\begin{aligned} I &= \int \sqrt{x^2 - x + 1} dx = \int \sqrt{(x - 1/2)^2 + 3/4} d(x - 1/2) \\ &= \frac{x - 1/2}{2} \sqrt{(x - 1/2)^2 + 3/4} \\ &\quad + \frac{3}{8} \log |(x - 1/2) + \sqrt{(x - 1/2)^2 + 3/4}| + C. \end{aligned} \quad (4)$$