

Math Diversion 1004

P. Reany

January 5, 2026

A mathematician is a machine for turning coffee into theorems.

— Alfred Rényi

Source: <https://www.youtube.com/shorts/xT2QV8LV2Z4>

Title: Interesting Exponential Equation

Presenter: drpkmath

1 Problem

Given the relation

$$t^t = 49, \tag{1}$$

find real solutions for t .

2 Solution

First, we take the natural logarithm across the Given equation.

$$t \ln t = \ln 49 = \ln 7^2 = 2 \ln 7. \tag{2}$$

Next, we take the Lambert W function across this equation¹

$$\ln t = W_n(2 \ln 7). \tag{3}$$

Finally, we take the inverse logarithm, to get

$$t = e^{W_n(2 \ln 7)}. \tag{4}$$

Since the graph of the two functions $y = t^t$ and $y = 49$ shows their intersection as single point, we conclude that we must take $n = 0$, thus

$$t = e^{W(2 \ln 7)}. \tag{5}$$

¹If you're having trouble following the rest of the proof, see my writeup on the Lambert W function.