

# Math Diversion 1048

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Since the mathematicians have invaded the theory of  
relativity, I do not understand it myself anymore.  
— Albert Einstein

Source: The Ether of Great Mathematical Ideas  
Title: An alpha-transformation problem  
Presenter: Patrick

## 1 Problem

Given the relation

$$t^t = 4^{t+16}, \quad (1)$$

solve for  $t$  where  $t \in \mathbb{R}^+$ .

## 2 Solution

Let's begin with the substitution:

$$t = 4^\alpha. \quad (2)$$

Then (1) becomes

$$4^{\alpha 4^\alpha} = 4^{4^\alpha + 16}. \quad (3)$$

On equating exponents, we have that

$$\alpha 4^\alpha = 4^\alpha + 16. \quad (4)$$

After a little algebra, we get

$$(\alpha - 1)4^{\alpha-2} = 1. \quad (5)$$

By inspection, we have that

$$\alpha = 2. \quad (6)$$

Hence,

$$t = 16. \quad (7)$$